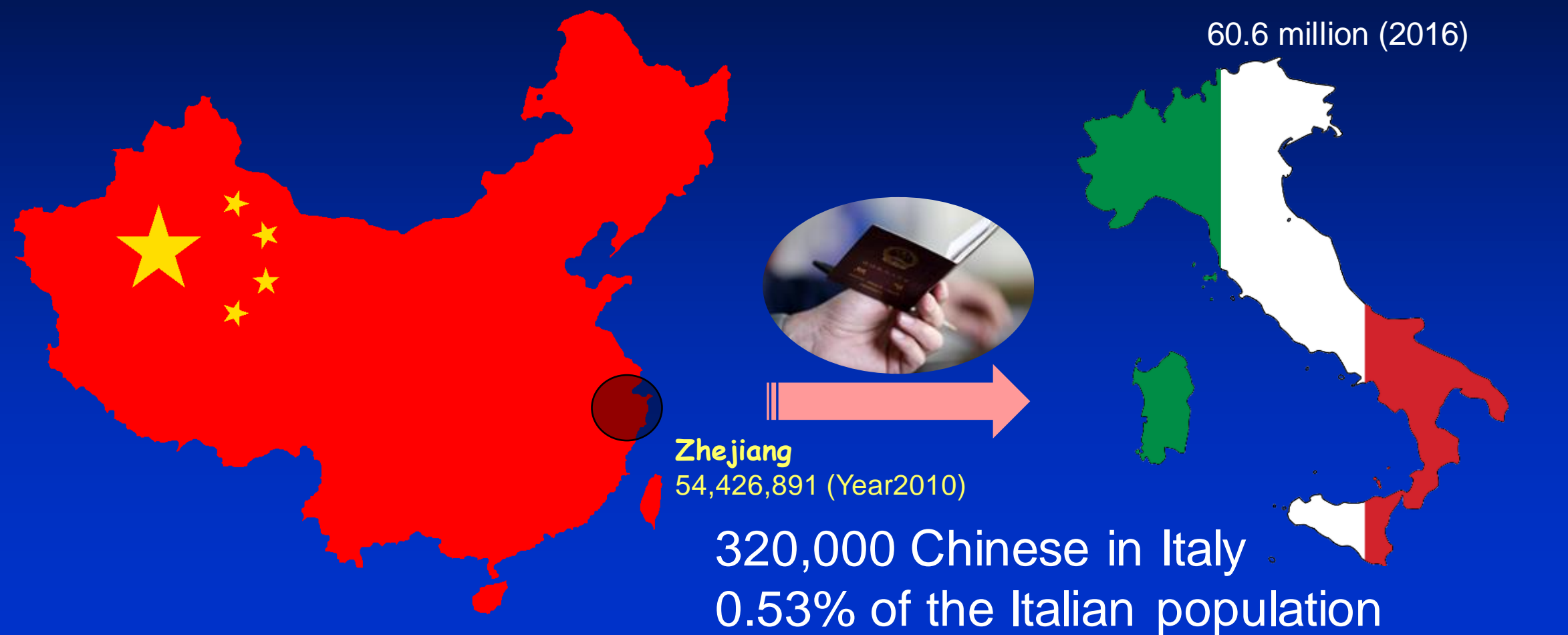


Cardiovascular health condition in Chinese immigrants living in Milan



Xiaoqiu Liu
University of Milano-Bicocca

Huge Chinese population living in Italy



Are they healthy?



**Two pilot studies to
Investigate the cardiovascular profile in**

Chinese immigrants living in Milan

as compared with

1. Local Italians 2. Chinese living in Beijing

World Hypertension day. May 17



Questionnaire on CV;
BP measured on site

Policlinico: Health care activity in Chinese Community in Milan
Auxologico: Cardiovascular survey in Italy

487 Chinese in Milan
Hypertension day 2013-2015

VS.

487 Italians in north Italy
Hypertension day 2015

Age<1year and gender 1:1 matched

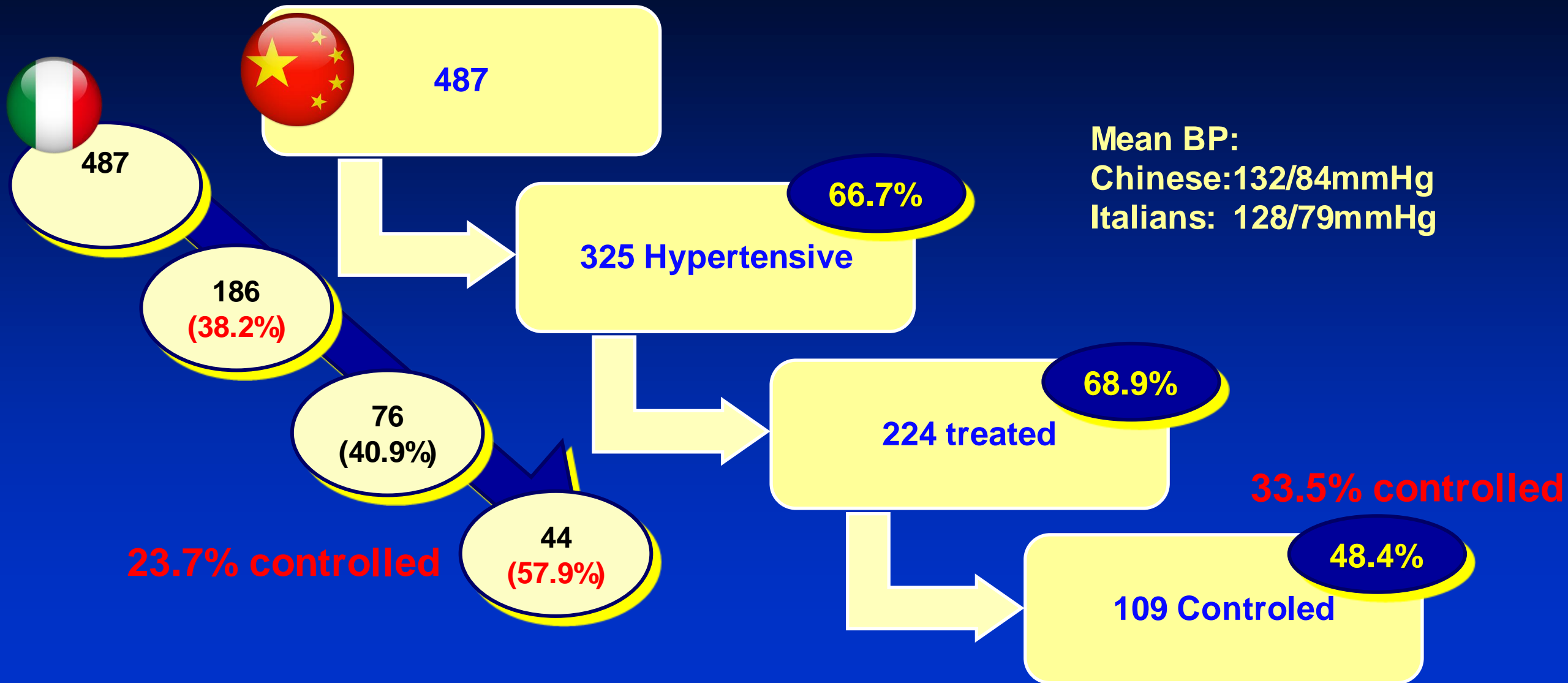
Age (SD)=48(12.2) years

Male 54.6%

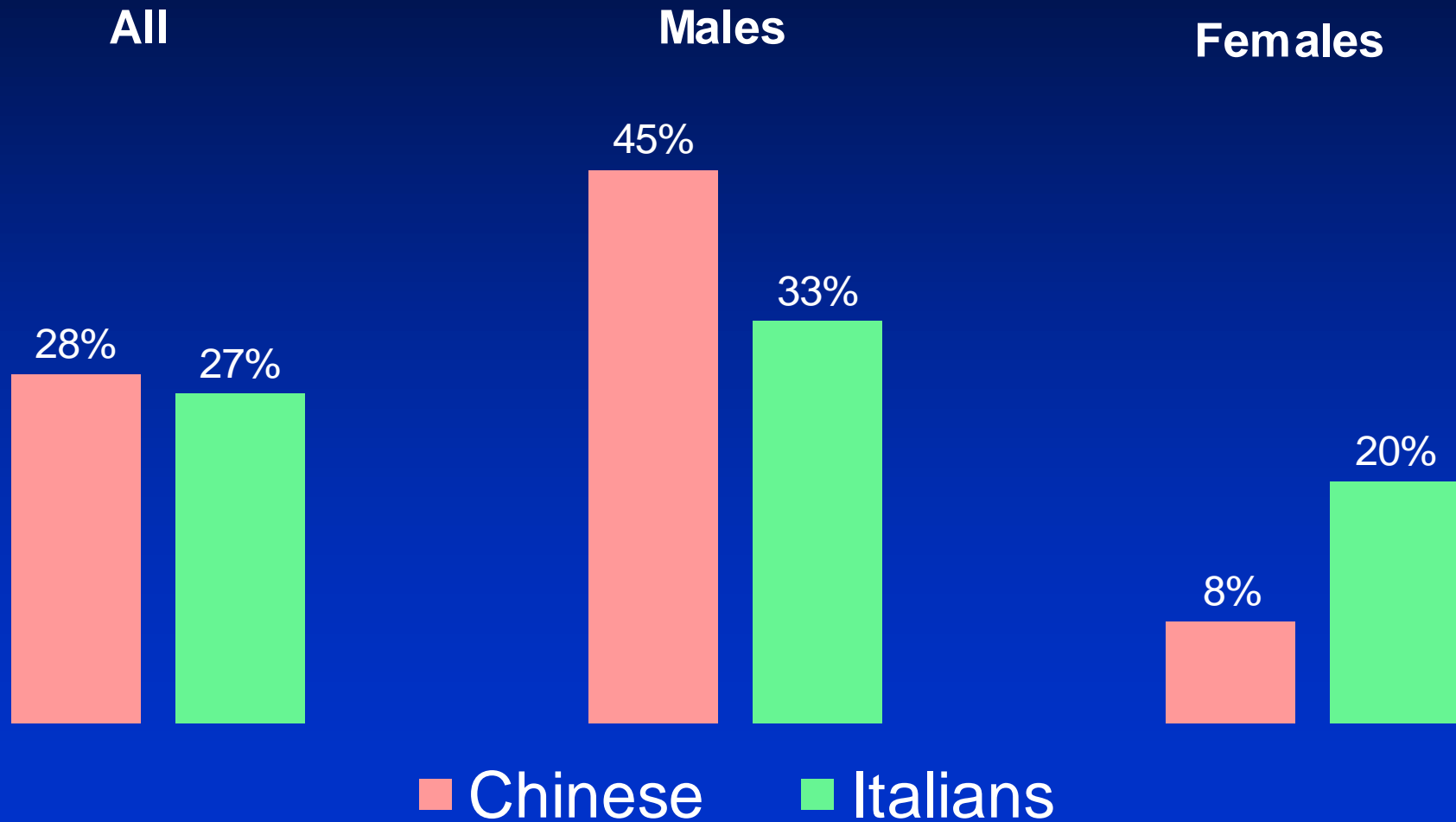
62.1% living in Milan ≥ 10 years

Chinese had smaller body mass index (BMI=24.2 kg/m²) than Italians (25.9 kg/m²)

BP and Hypertension prevalence and control

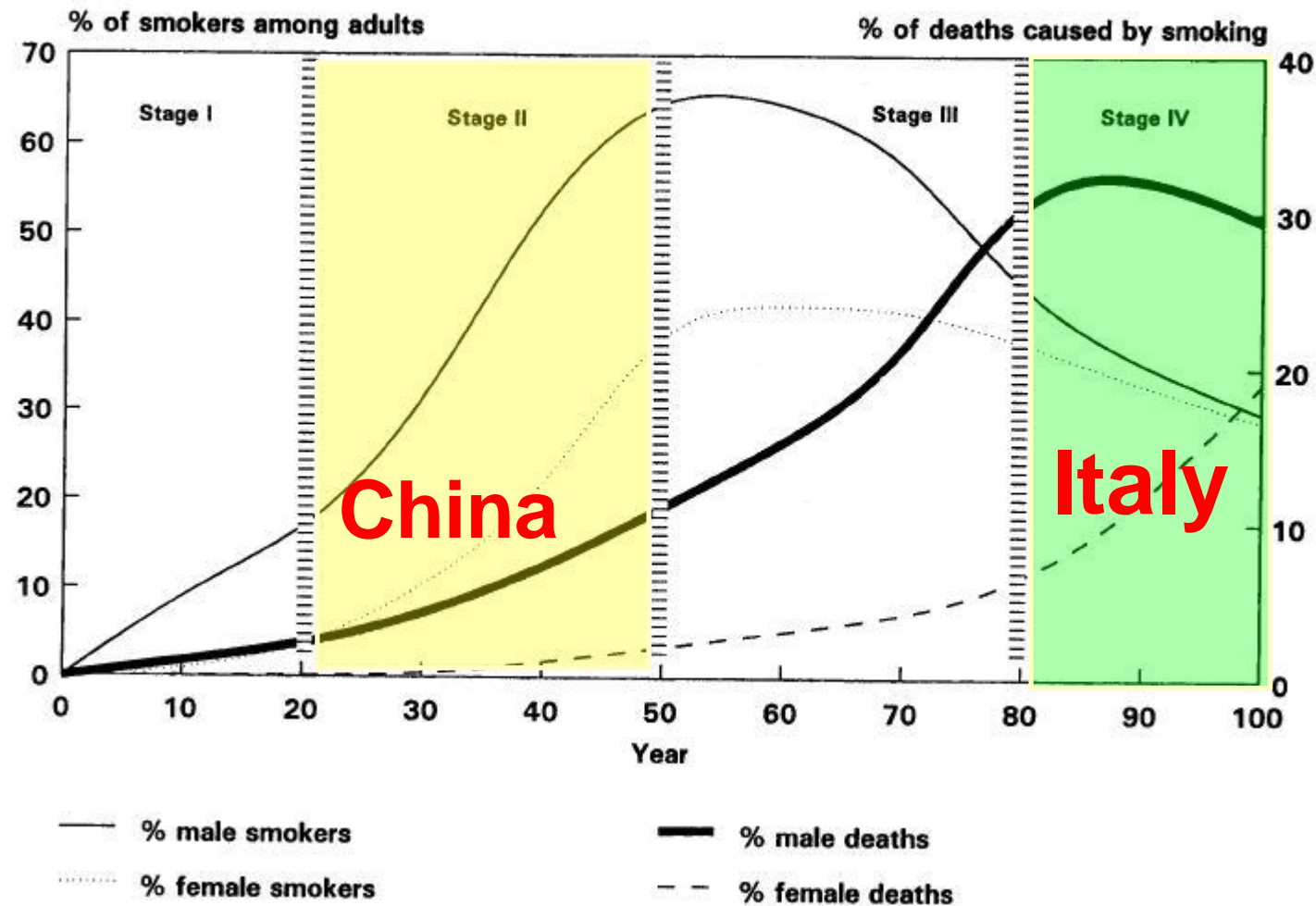


Smoking rate/Pattern



Smoking pattern progress

Lopez, Collishaw, Piha



From Pilot study I

- Chinese immigrants are less healthy.... More hypertension, more smoking, although they are thinner

2nd study

Subjects were selected from who visited hospitals for general health check

Chinese in Milan

2014-2017
Residence in Milan ≥ 12 m
Policlinico

VS.

Chinese in Beijing

2016-2017
Residence in Beijing
Fuwai Hospital

Match conditions: age < 3 years, same gender

Variables: age, gender, weight, height, blood test, urine test, blood pressure

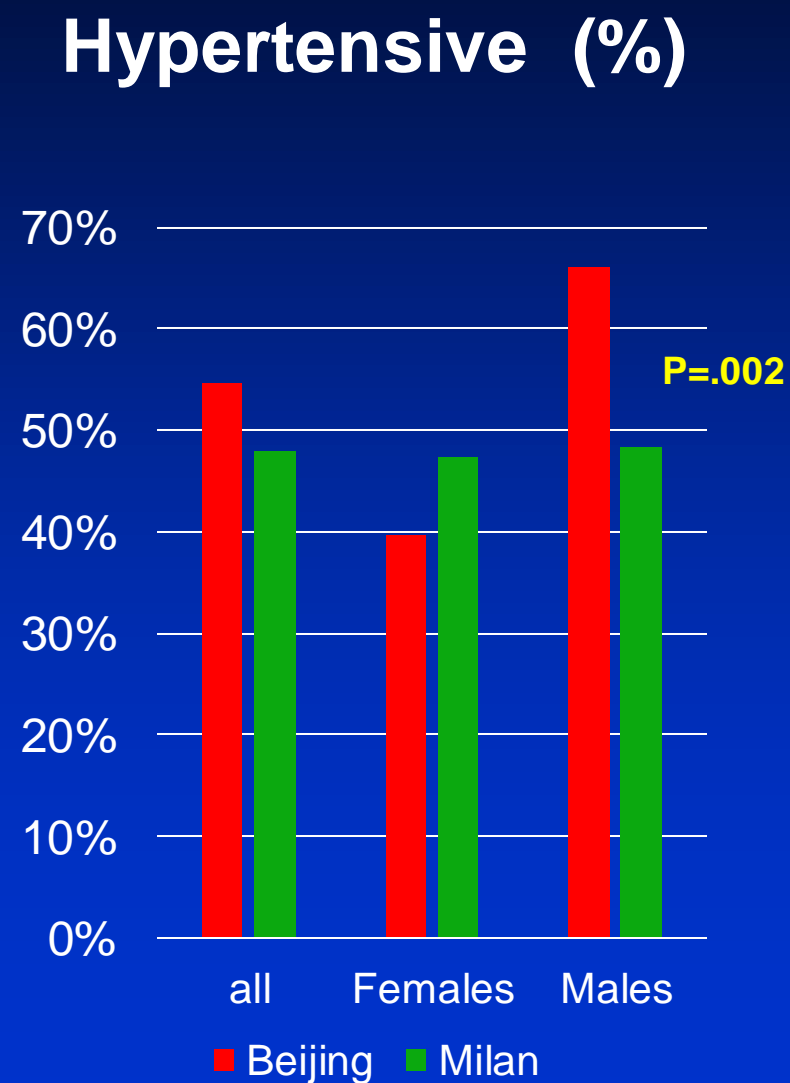
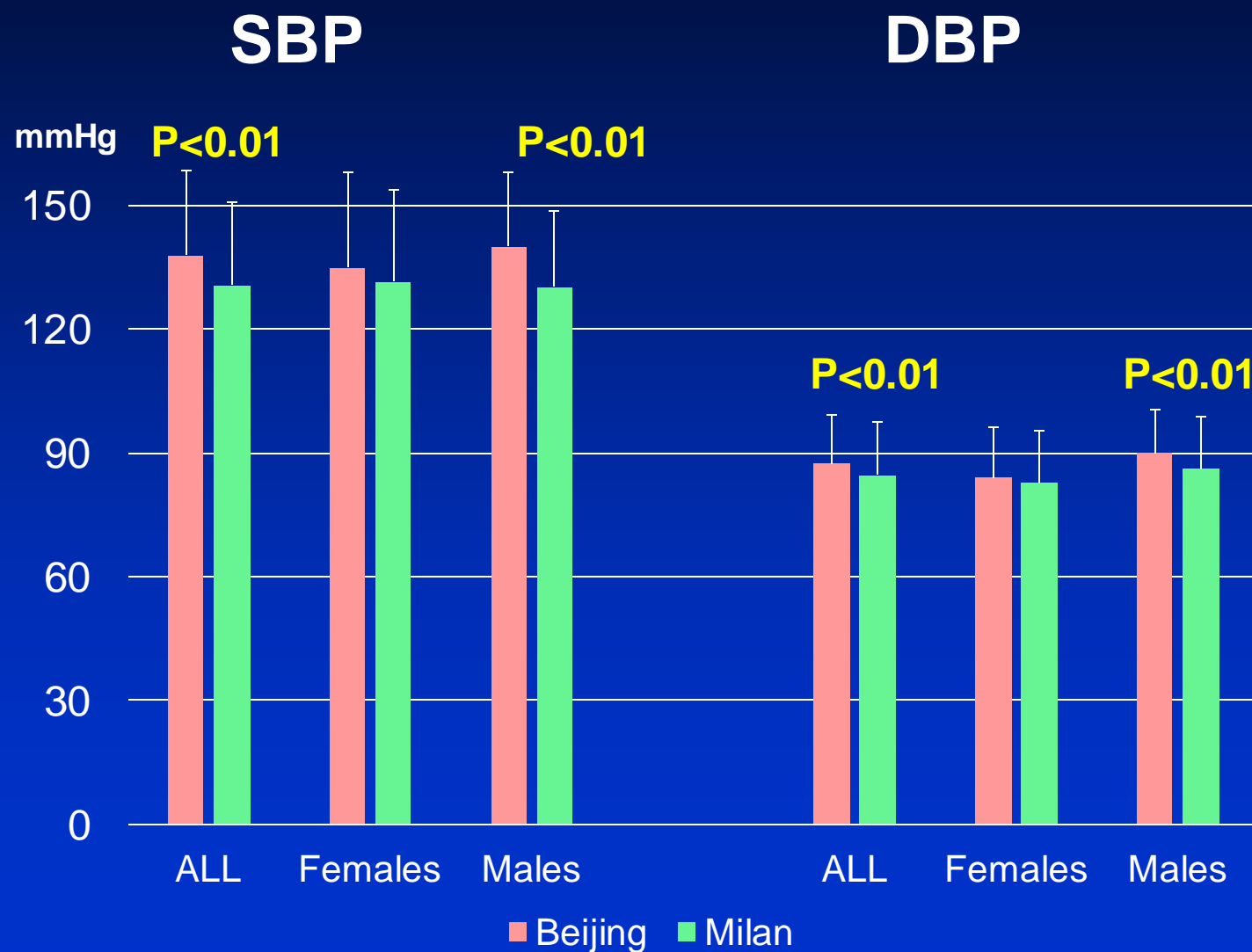
Results from Sample:

- 269 pairs =574
- 116 Females and 153 Males from each center

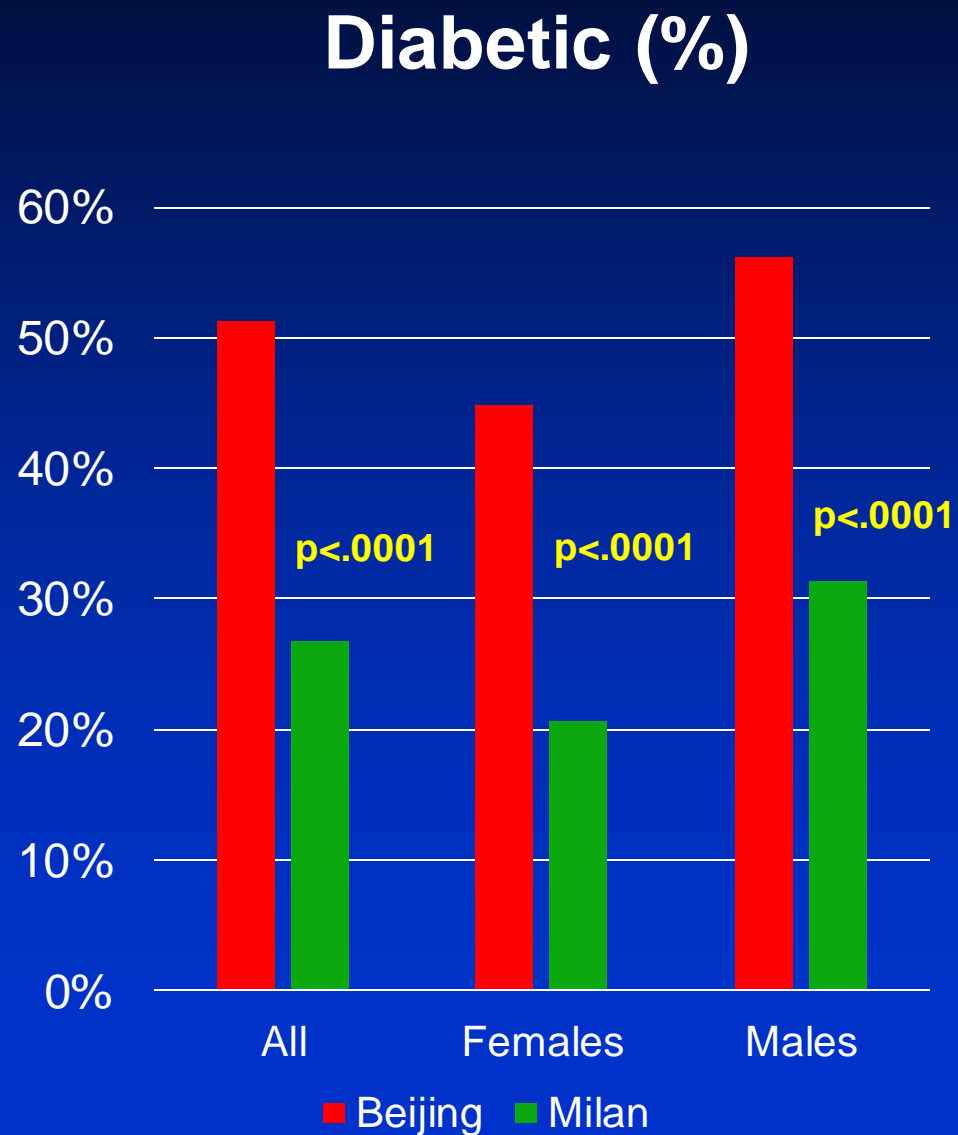
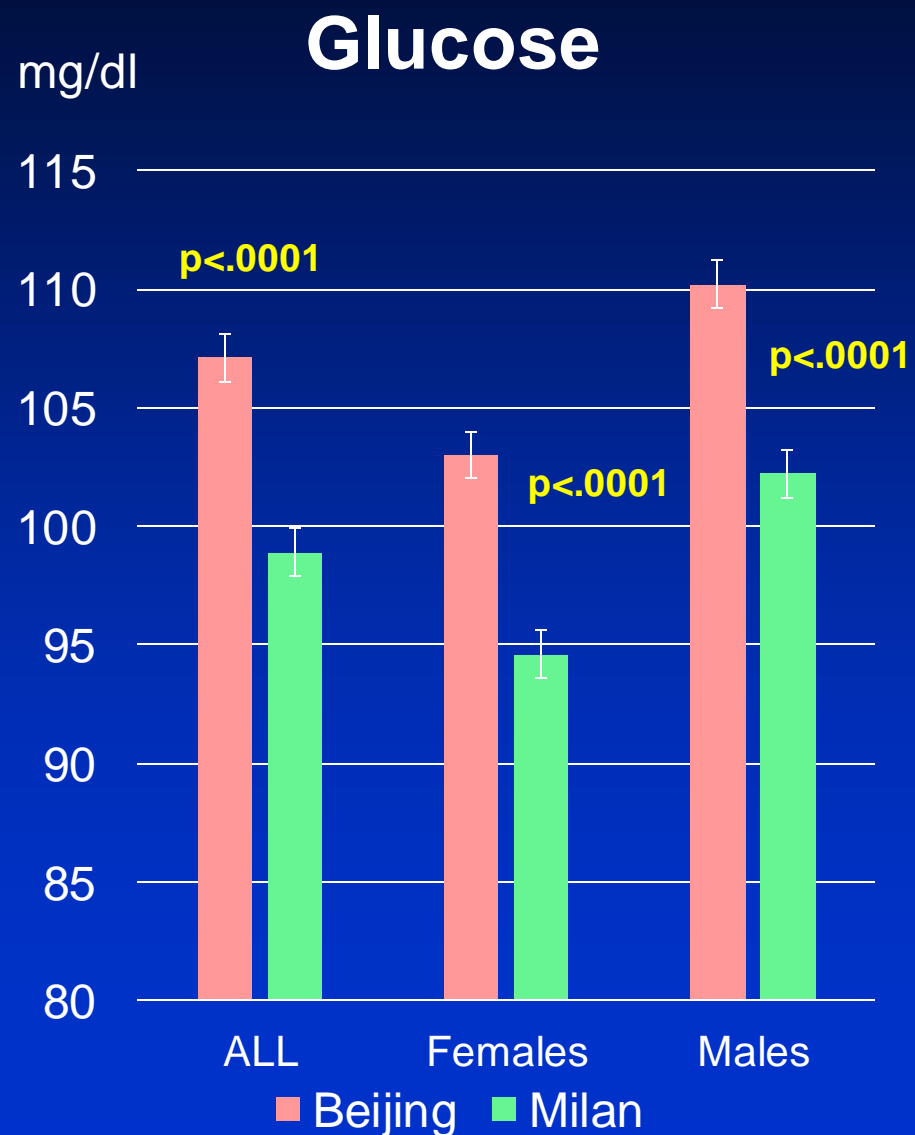
| | Beijing | | | Milan | | |
|-------------|------------|--------|------|------------|--------|------|
| | All | Female | Male | All | Female | Male |
| Age (Years) | 47.6 (9.0) | 49.1 | 46.6 | 46.3 (9.0) | 47.8 | 45.2 |
| BMI (Kg/m2) | 26.2 (3.8) | 24.8 | 27.3 | 23.8 (3.2) | 22.9 | 24.4 |

- Milan center:
 - 77(28.62%) lived in Milan for <5 years,
 - 45(16.73%) for 5-10 years
 - 147(54.65%) for >10 years.

Blood Pressure



Blood Sugar



From pilot study II

Chinese immigrants are in better condition than those living in Beijing

Lower BP level, less hypertension

Lower glucose level, less diabetes

From pilot study II

Chinese immigrants are in better condition than those living in Beijing

Lower BP level, less hypertension

Lower glucose level, less diabetes

Meta analysis including 16 studies on the first generation (mainly in USA, Canada, UK)

As compared with Chinese living in mainland:

- ↑ Prevalence of diabetes, hypertension, obesity and smoking
- ↑ Serum cholesterol
- Poorer dietary patterns
- CV disease pattern: less Stroke, more coronary heart disease

From pilot study II

Chinese immigrants are in better condition than those living in Beijing

Lower BP level, less hypertension

Lower glucose level, less diabetes

Meta analysis including 16 studies on the first generation (mainly in USA, Canada, UK)

As compared with Chinese in Beijing

- ↑ Prevalence of obesity
- ↑ Serum cholesterol
- Poorer dietary pattern
- CV disease pattern



From pilot study II

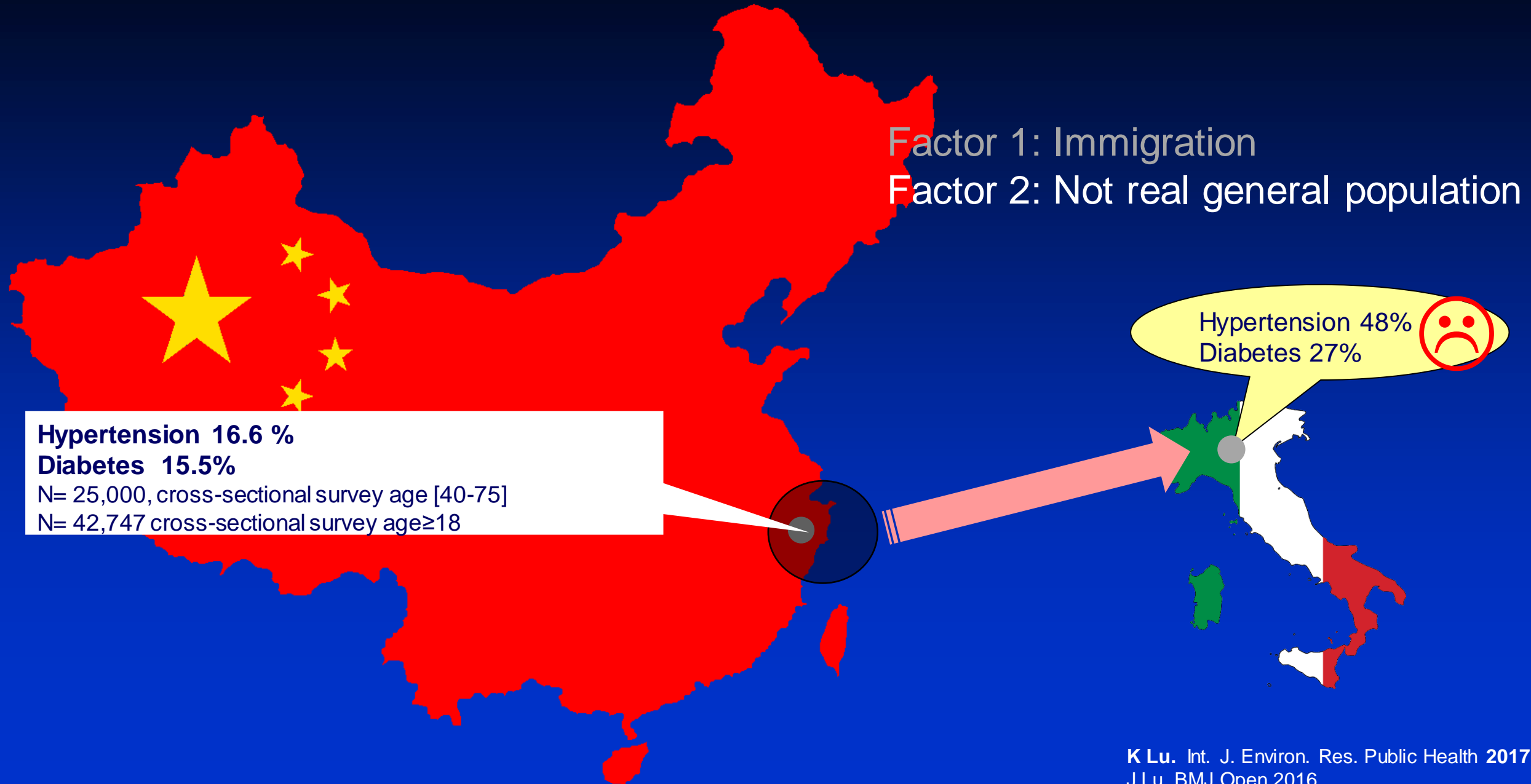
Chinese immigrants are in better condition than those living in Beijing

Lower BP level, less hypertension

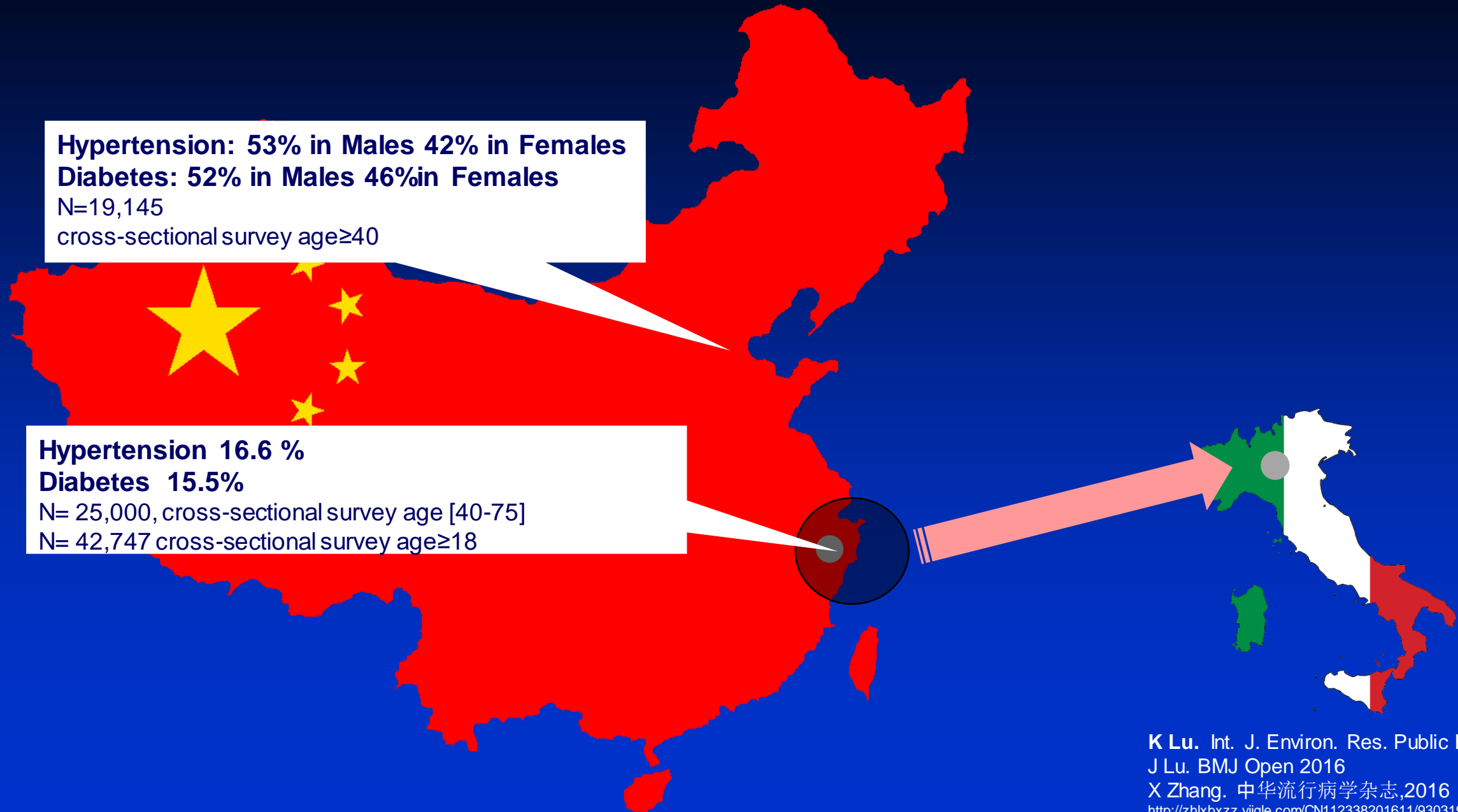
Lower glucose level, less diabetes

- Study is limited:

Limitation I: Sample selection



Limitation II: Unfair comparison-Geographic difference



Further investigation

- The Belt and Road project lead by Chinese government, involving policlinico is pending....

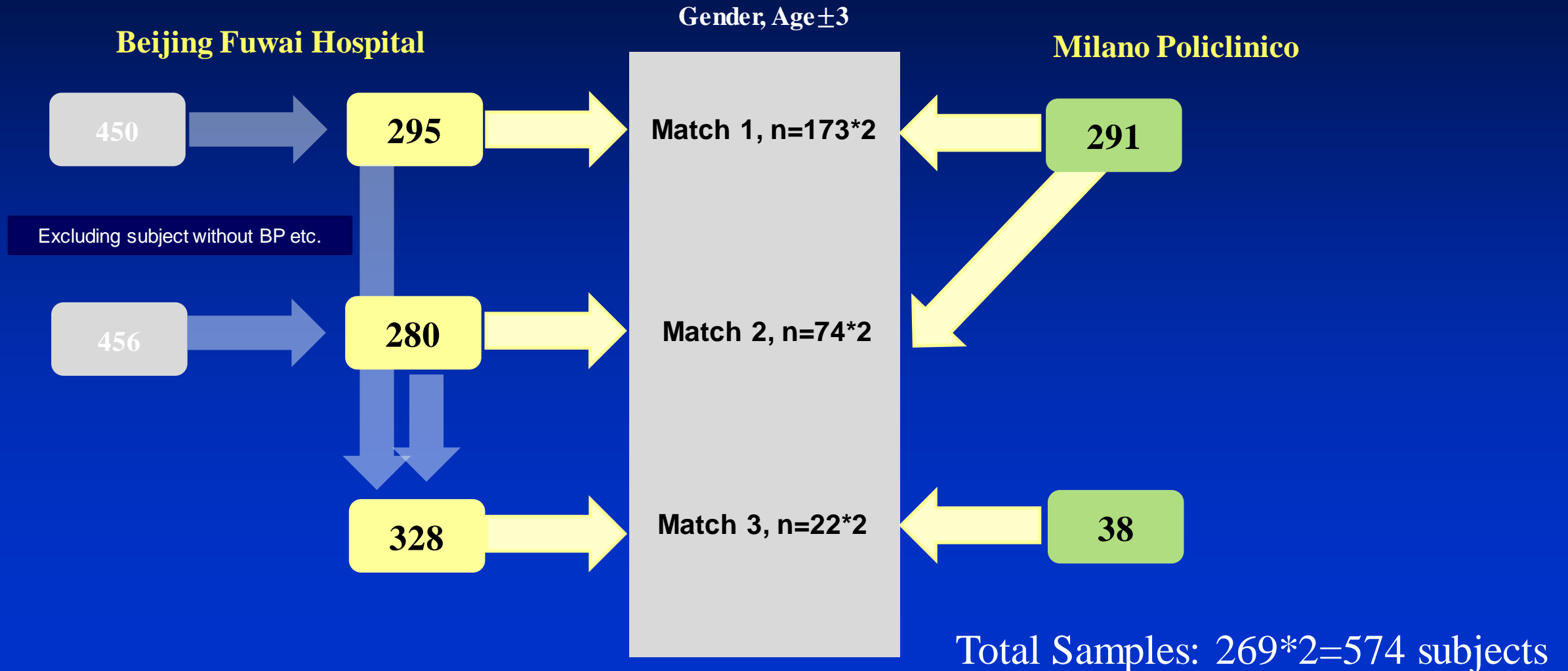


Fondazione Isacchi Samaja

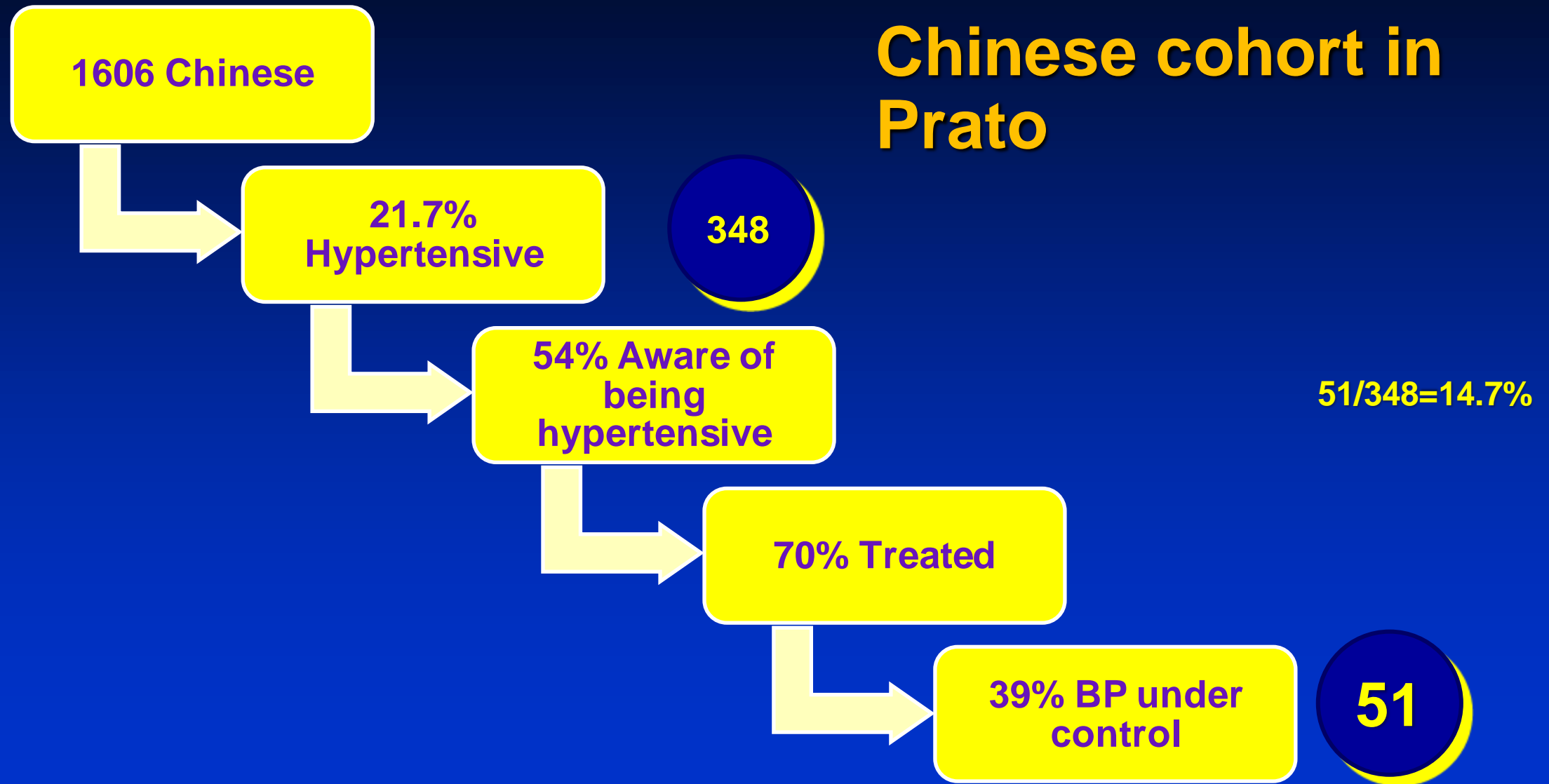


Fondazione Roberto Franceschi

Data match



Chinese cohort in Prato



Moreover...

Milan sample was/had...than Beijing sample:

- shorter (which could be a study limitation),
- lower creatinine: 0.8(0.2) vs. 0.9(0.4), $p < 0.001$
- Lower uric acid: 5.2(1.5) vs. 5.6(1.5), $p < 0.001$
- Similar lipid profile (cholesterol , High-Density lipoprotein, Low-Density lipoprotein)

| | Beijing | | | Milan | | | T test (BJ vs. MI) | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------|-------|--------------|--------|-------|--------------------|--------|--------|
| | All | Female | Male | All | Female | Male | All | Female | Male |
| Age | 47.6(9.0) | 49.1 | 46.6 | 46.3(9.0) | 47.8 | 45.2 | | | |
| BMI | 26.2(3.8) | 24.8 | 27.3 | 23.8(3.2) | 22.9 | 24.4 | <.0001 | <.0001 | <.0001 |
| Height | 169.3(7.8) | 163.0 | 174.1 | 165.3(7.1) | 159.7 | 169.5 | <.0001 | <.0001 | <.0001 |
| Weight | 75.5(14.1) | 65.8 | 82.9 | 65.2(11.1) | 58.4 | 70.3 | <.0001 | <.0001 | <.0001 |
| Cholesterol | 188.1(39.0) | 190.1 | 186.5 | 193.0(38.9) | 190.0 | 195.2 | 0.15 | 0.99 | 0.05 |
| Triglyceride | 174.1(141.9) | 140.1 | 199.9 | 162.0(130.0) | 139.4 | 179.1 | 0.30 | 0.96 | 0.24 |
| HDL | 48.5(14.2) | 54.4 | 44.0 | 49.0(13.5) | 53.8 | 45.4 | 0.64 | 0.77 | 0.29 |
| LDL | 104.8(38.4) | 107.7 | 102.5 | 111.5(37.9) | 108.3 | 114.0 | 0.04 | 0.89 | 0.01 |
| Creatinine | 0.9(0.4) | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.8(0.2) | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| Uric Acid | 5.6(1.5) | 4.6 | 6.4 | 5.2(1.5) | 4.3 | 5.9 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.00 |
| Potassium | 4.2(0.3) | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2(0.4) | 4.2 | 4.2 | 0.99 | 0.55 | 0.68 |
| Sodium | 139.5(8.2) | 138.7 | 140.1 | 140.4(11.4) | 141.2 | 139.9 | 0.29 | 0.03 | 0.82 |
| Glycaemia | 107.1(27.4) | 103.0 | 110.2 | 98.9(29.5) | 94.6 | 102.2 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 |

| | Beijing | | | Milan | | | X ² test* | | |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|--------|--------|
| | All | Female | Male | All | Female | Male | All | Female | Male |
| Total N and % | 269(100) | 116(43.1) | 153(56.9) | 269(100) | 116(43.1) | 153(56.9) | | | |
| Smoking | 66(43.1) | 0 | 66(24.5) | 82(30.5) | 7(6.0) | 75(24.5) | 0.12 | - | 0.30 |
| Normal Potassium* | 265(98.5) | 114(98.3) | 151(98.7) | 259(96.3) | 114(98.3) | 145(94.8) | 0.10 | 1 | 0.06 |
| Normal Sodium** | 256(95.2) | 110(94.8) | 146(95.4) | 253(94.1) | 109(94.0) | 144(94.1) | 0.57 | 0.7753 | 0.6075 |

Hypertension

53% in Males
42% in Females
Beijing N=19,145
cross-sectional survey age≥40

Diabetes

52% in Males
46% in Females
Beijing N=19,145
cross-sectional survey age≥40

Hypertension 55%
Diabetes 51%

Hypertension 35.24%, Diabetes 9.55%

from a cross-sectional survey in nationally representative sample of
207,323 individuals age≥40 from all 31 Chinese provinces in 2013

Q Li. SCieNTiFiC REPOrtS, 2017

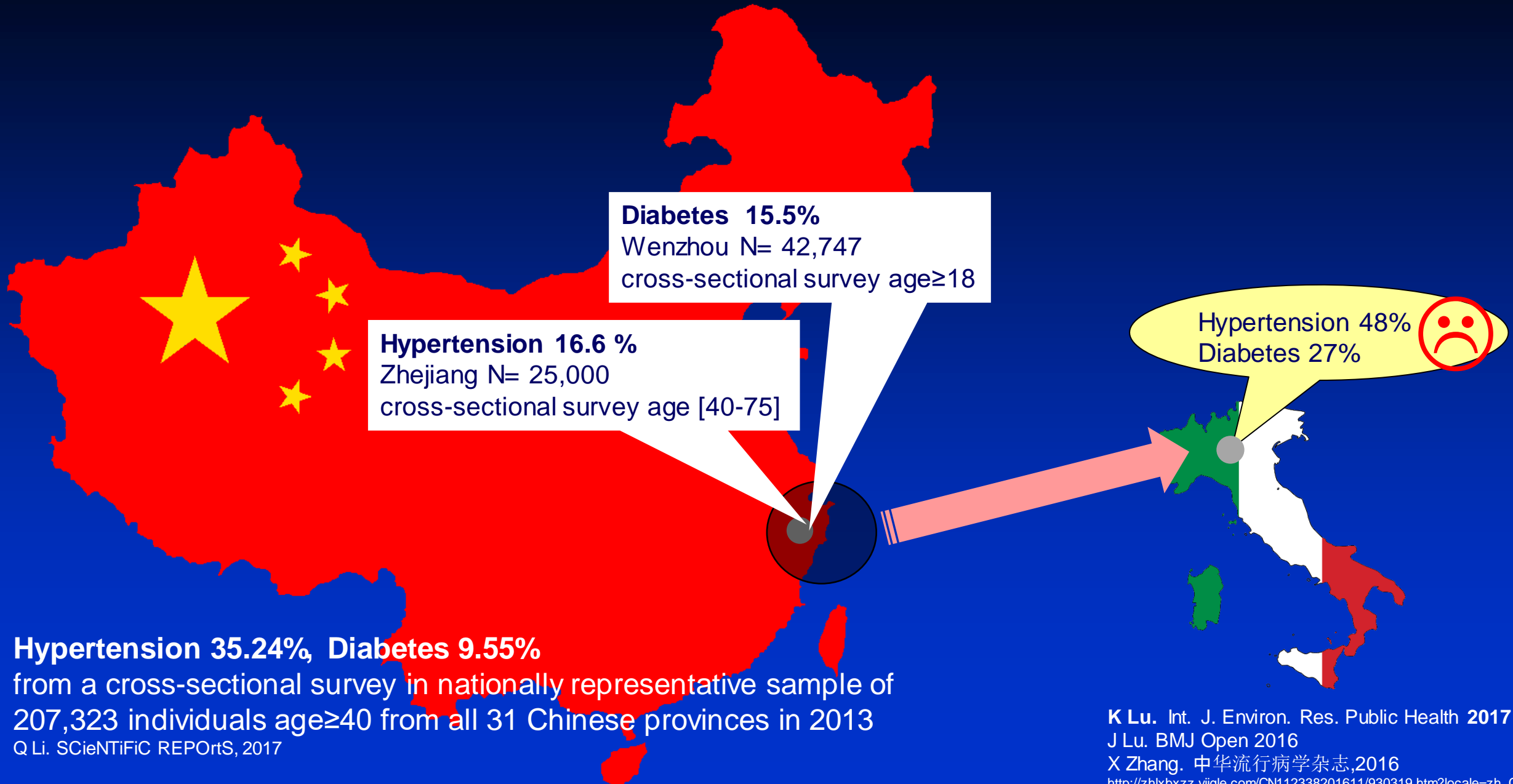
K Lu. Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health 2017

J Lu. BMJ Open 2016

X Zhang. 中华流行病学杂志, 2016

http://zhhxboxzz.yiigle.com/CN112338201611/930319.htm?locale=zh_CN

Other studies on Hypertension



Other studies on Hypertension

52.7% in Males
42.2% in Females
Beijing N=19,145
cross-sectional survey age \geq 40

54.65%

16.6 %
Zhejiang N= 25,000
cross-sectional survey age [40-75]

47.96%

Hypertension 35.24%

from a cross-sectional survey in nationally representative sample of 207,323 individuals age \geq 40 from all 31 Chinese provinces in 2013

Q Li. SCieNTiFiC REPOrtS, 2017

K Lu. Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health 2017

J Lu. BMJ Open 2016

X Zhang. 中华流行病学杂志, 2016

http://zhlxboxzz.yiigle.com/CN112338201611/930319.htm?locale=zh_CN

Other studies on Diabetes

51.5% in Males
45.6% in Females
Beijing N=19,145
cross-sectional survey age \geq 40

51.30%

15.5%
Wenzhou N= 42,747
cross-sectional survey age \geq 18

26.77%

Diabetes 9.55%

from a cross-sectional survey in nationally representative sample of 207,323 individuals age \geq 40 from all 31 Chinese provinces in 2013

Q Li. SCieNTiFiC REPOrtS, 2017

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